

SPECIAL

We have been fortunate in securing a quantity of outside white paint which we can offer to our customers at a very attractive figure. Do not judge this paint by the price, as it is a much superior paint than the price warrants.

1 gallon cans, per gal. 3.25
1 quart cans, per qt. 1.00

Floor Vanish

A guaranteed Floor Varnish which we are selling at, per 1 quart cans 1.35

J. L. ACHESON

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

John Deere Farm Machinery
DeLaval Milkers and Cream Separators

The Hat Shoppe

Having to vacate my place of business by

July 1st

I am offering my stock of millinery at reduced prices.

One table of Millinery at \$2.05
One table of Millinery at 3.95
One table of Millinery at 4.95

Mrs. R. E. Gillespie

**BIG Car
Beauty Style
Performance
and
something more-**



It takes more than mere size to make a BIG SIX. It takes more than beauty, more than style, more than performance. True, a car needs all of these before it can become a BIG SIX. True, Pontiac Big Six has all these. But it has something more . . . something that stamps it once and forever as a real BIG SIX. It has the "feel" of a BIG SIX. People accustomed to much driving will know immediately what that means.

And it's not a sensation you can counterfeit. You have but to sit behind the wheel, drive the car and get the "feel" of it . . . you'll know in an instant whether or not you are driving a Big Six.

PONTIAC Big SIX

JOHNSON'S GARAGE

Oyen, Alberta Phone 14

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

Five Teams Compete In Ball Tournament

Loverna, Alask, Chinook, Sibbald and Oyen, give fans good entertainment.

Chinook Wins

Oyen's second annual ball tournament was held on the new ball grounds last Monday. In cool and threatening weather. About one hundred cars were lined up when play commenced in the first game, Chinook and Loverna being the contestants.

Chinook opened the scoring with two runs in their first frame without any reply from their opponents, and notched another tally in the second frame. Loverna replied with 2 runs in their half of the second and took the lead in the third when they added another brace of counters, Chinook failing to improve their standing in the first half of the third. This ended the scoring for Loverna. In the fifth, Chinook crossed the plate twice, putting them 1 up, and in the sixth collected 4 runs with a regular barrage of hits.

The score by innings:
CHINOOK 210 024 0 — 9
LOVERNA 022 000 0 — 4

The second game of the tournament was between Alask and Sibbald. After each side had secured a tally, Alask took the lead and kept it throughout the game. Sibbald went into the last half of seventh 8 runs short of their opponents. With two men out the situation was not improved, but excitement ran high when the next batters up commenced a slugfest. Before the smoke cleared the official scorers marked up 6, leaving Sibbald still two runs behind the border boys.

ALASKA 10 SIBBALD 8
The third game was between Alask and Oyen. No scoring was recorded until the fourth when Oyen notched the first tally. Chapin, first up, singled, stole second, went to third on a sacrifice, and crossed the plate on C. Stull's single. Alask replied with 2 in their half of the fifth, and added another in the seventh.

The score by innings:
ALASKA 000 020 1 — 3
OYEN 000 100 0 — 1
The Oyen team, usually hard hitters seemed unable to touch the Alask pitcher, who showed great control.

After a brief supper interval, the final game between Chinook and Alask was played off. Each team secured a run after which Chinook commenced hitting freely for a total of 7 runs, while Alask after their lone tally, were unable to do much more than get an odd hit off the Chinook pitcher.

CHINOOK 7 ALASKA 1
One of the features of the day's play occurred in the second game between Alask and Oyen when Cassidy the centre fielder on the Alask team, made a spectacular running catch of a fly. Taking a flying leap for the ball, he caught it, landed on his head and shoulders and turned a somersault, but held onto the ball throughout his supple contortions.

Umpire Chas. P. Snyder whose stentorian voice could be clearly heard over the grounds, handled the games very well, and his "Hurry, Hurry, Hurry," was always quickly responded to.

Although the local boys did not win, they have a team that will give a good account of

Second Fortnightly Crop Report

Issued by Department of Agriculture, Edmonton, May 27, 1929.

Seeding of wheat has been practically completed over the province and approximately seventy-five per cent of the acreage intended for oats and barley has been sown, according to telegraphic reports received by the Department of Agriculture on Monday. Work has been retarded to some extent in a number of districts in the south, but the remainder of the wheat acreage will be sown within the next few days.

Conditions in a number of northern and central districts have been materially improved by rains during the past week, and little concern is felt over general crop prospects from the moisture standpoint. Germination has been uniformly good and much of the early sown wheat is making rapid growth, especially in areas where seeding has been delayed by a heavier than usual precipitation.

The season has been somewhat unfavorable for the early destruction of weeds as growth has too slow to permit of much eradication by surface cultivation prior to seeding. Some localities report a considerable increase in the acreage of grain stubbled in, and this will undoubtedly be reflected in greater difficulty in dealing with the weed situation in following years.

Best seeding has been practically finished in the south and (Continued on Supplement)

Pupils Will Give Recital

A pianoforte recital by the pupils of Mr. George Benbow, will be given in Oyen Theatre on Thursday, June 27. The programme will start at 8:15 p.m.

FARM FOR SALE

N.E. 130-25-3 W4th Meridian. All lands, subject to taxes for the current year.

Tenders marked S.C. 20031 addressed to L. F. Clarry, Esq., K.C., Master in Chambers, Court House, Calgary will be received up to eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the 16th day of June, 1929, for the purchase of the above property.

Location: 10 miles from Acadia Valley, Railway Station, 8 miles from Haven Post Office, two and a half miles from Eldorado School.

Soil, sandy loam, five to eight inches deep. Subsoil, sand and gravel. Improvements: 125 acres under cultivation. Barn 30 x 32, frame. Barn 20 x 24, frame. Hen house, 8 x 10, frame. House, 12 x 24, frame. Good well, equipped with pump and windmill. 11 miles of fencing.

TERMS: 5 per cent with tender, 10 per cent on acceptance of tender when possession will be given, and the balance in 3 equal instalments in 6, 12 and 18 months with interest at 5 per cent annum, or if the purchaser desires, full payment will be accepted within 30 days without interest. In all other respects the standing conditions of sale will apply.

Tenders must be accompanied by marked cheque for 5 per cent of the offer which will be returned in the event of non-acceptance. No tender necessarily accepted.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS apply to Macleod, Robertson, Winter & Edmonstone, Solicitors for the Plaintiff, Canada Life Building, Calgary, Alberta. Refer to S.C. 21066-W.C.B.

DATED at Calgary, the 16th day of May, A.D. 1929.

APPROVED:
L. F. CLARRY,
M. C.

C. H. SMITH,
Clerk in Chambers.

themselves and give the fans real entertainment during the season. Follow the boys to Bindloss, Friday.

MILLER'S SPECIALS

Ladies Silk Bloomers 1.00
Ladies Silk Vests85
Childrens heavy Cotton Hose, brown or black, sizes 6 to 7; 30c, size 7 to 10 40
Ladies Shower Proof Coats, in many colors satin finish 5.95
Balance of Spring and Summer Coats to clear at special prices.
All Dress Ends up to \$5.00, special 3.90
All Dress Ends up to \$7.50 5.50
10 only large Rugs, Rog \$5.75 special 2.90

This store will close at 1 p.m. every Wednesday, during June and July.

S. A. MILLER

Chrysler Cars



4 Door Sedan \$1,115
Coupe 1,045
Club Sedan 1,085
De Luxe Coupe (with rumble seat) 1,095
Roadster (with rumble seat) 1,075

May we demonstrate to you?

Geo. A. Morrison

Oyen Theatre

Friday-Saturday, June 7-8

AL JOELSON

—in—

The Singing Fool

This is a great Show.

You've heard him on records—Now see him in the movies.

Monday-Tuesday June 10-11

KARL DANE and GEORGE K. ARTHUR

—in—

"ALL AT SEA"

A comedy scream.

Friday-Saturday, June 14-15

The British Screen Triumph

"DAWN"

The most widely discussed Motion Picture Sybil Thorndike as "Nurse Cavell"

"I hope it will take its lessons to the Mind of the Earth"—George Bernard Shaw.

Blending Red Rose Tea is an art. To obtain the fine flavor and full-bodied richness required years of experience. Every package guaranteed.

TEA "is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good
In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

The Charter of Anglo-Saxon Liberties

When King John, of England, placed his seal upon that historic document Magna Charta, on June 15, 1215, the date went into history as that of the "greatest of all events in the political development of modern freedom."

Nearly 700 years after the signing of the Great Charter of Liberty, a movement which had its inception in the United States gave birth to the International Magna Charta Day Association, with headquarters at St. Paul, Minn. The main objective of this organization is to have June 15 of each year observed as "Magna Charta Day," or "Inter-Dependence Day," in all the English-speaking nations of the world.

Observance of the day and of the charter which is the common heritage of these English-speaking nations is urged by the Association as an expression of the recognition of the common tie that binds these nations and the common debt they owe to those responsible for the Great Charter which is the foundation of modern ideals of liberty. The Association urges observance of the day also as a means of cementing the friendship and promoting mutual understanding between these nations which, speaking the same language, and having the same ideals, are acknowledged to be the greatest forces extant for permanent world peace. Magna Charta provides that laws of unity which these nations can commemorate. Its signing was an epoch-making incident in their common history concerning which no clash of opinion is possible. One American commentator says: "The yearly observance of Magna Charta Day not only helps to keep vibrant this Anglo-Saxon International Will but it serves to set out in sharp relief a wholesome example to the world."

The alternative title, "Inter-Dependence Day" itself is an acknowledgment that American ideals of freedom have the same fundamental basis as those of the British Isles, including Canada, and it is interesting to note that since the Association first was organized, the Day is observed annually in the United States, Canada, Newfoundland, the British Isles, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. Thus, in fact, nations which have long since lost touch to the historic document from which King John by the Thron of England, join in remembrance of the freedom it has conferred upon all. Says J. W. Hamilton, Founder-Secretary of the Association: "More and more it has become the habit of the English-speaking countries, as men have come to understand the Inter-racial kindness its recognition indicates."

"The thought is American-born, a gesture of deference to the acknowledged fount of freedom, and a tender of goodwill to other English-speaking lands of the earth."

The day is not observed as a legal holiday, but as one of remembrance. Teachers in the public schools, wherever the Day is observed, emphasize the significance of Magna Charta to their people, and explain its significance in the lives of all residents of English-speaking countries. In many places, too, it is supplemented by setting aside the nearest Sunday to June 15, as "Magna Charta Sunday" or by pulpit reference or Sunday School lesson the goodwill which is the central feature of the observance of the Day is given prominence. It might as well be the basis of a valuable lesson in British ideals for the cosmopolitan people of Canada, and for that reason it is interesting to note that Canada as a nation has endorsed the idea of Magna Charta Day.

Briefly stated, Magna Charta established trial by jury, restrained the Crown from using harsh and arbitrary methods of raising money, actually placed control of taxation in the hands of the people, gave protection to minors and widows, established uniform weights and measures, limited fines and protected merchants, established the law of evidence, and, generally, assured the rights and freedom of the subject. These are the most important features of that charter which occupies so conspicuous a place in history and which established the supremacy of the law of England as the controlling power over the people.

The 8th article of the charter which is the basis of jury trial, declares "no man shall be taken, or imprisoned, or outlawed, or banished except by the lawful judgment of his peers." Another short article is significant of the desire for justice for all in it, the King declared: "To no one will we sell, or to no one will we refuse or delay, right or justice."

Marble From The North

Northern Manitoba Stone To Be Used On Office Building In Montreal

Native marble, quarried in Northern Manitoba, along the Hudson Bay Railway, may soon replace marble from Italy. "Miniville," as the Canadian product is called, is being used extensively in the construction of the new head office building of the Sun Life Assurance Company, Montreal. Shipments were recently sent from the Fax by the Canadian National Railways. The northern marble is of fine texture, hard but not unduly so, and can take a beautiful polish and a sharp aris.

FLU Germs Breed In the Throat.

First: Appear As A Common Cold, But Gain Tremendous Headway

SOME SIMPLE PRECAUTIONS AGAINST INFLUENZA

Simple precautions taken now will enable you to fight dread "Flu" which is sweeping rapidly through the whole country. The germs of Influenza gain access to the body through the mouth and throat. Keep the throat healthy and you go a long way towards stopping the trouble. An effective means of prevention is to gargle the throat three or four times daily with Nerville. Half a teaspoonful of Nerville in water makes a most efficient gargle. The germ-killing properties of Nerville quickly destroy any bacteria in the mouth or throat. If the chest is sore, if the throat is hoarse, if you have a cough—be sure to rub the neck and chest with Nerville. Every drop of it will rub in, and out will come the congestion.

Of course it is absolutely necessary to house-clean the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills which stimulate the eliminating organs, and rid the system of disease-breeding germs. This combination treatment of Nerville and Dr. Hamilton's Pills will give prompt and entirely satisfactory results.

Telephones In Canada

Dominion Is Served By 2,462 Separate Systems
There are 2,462 telephone systems in Canada. Five of these are government owned, Alberta having two, and Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan one each. Municipal systems number 138, of which 123 are in Ontario. There are 494 private company systems, mainly in Ontario and Quebec, and 1,552 co-operative, of which 1,150 are in Saskatchewan. In addition, there are 169 private and 102 partnership systems. The number of telephones installed totalled 1,230,087, when a recent compilation was made, the estimated number of conversations made in one year to total 2,108,400,000, including 31,400,000 long distance calls.

ST. VITUS DANCE

A Disease Of The Nerves Which Must Be Treated Through The Blood

St. Vitus dance is a disease of the nerves brought on by a morbid condition of the blood. It is a common disease with children, and is often attacks adults. The treatment of this trouble to be successful is through the blood, because the blood is the life food of the nerves. In this way Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved beneficial in even the most severe forms of St. Vitus dance. In proof of this, we quote from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind we have had reference to Mrs. William Stead, Winton, Ont., who says: "My eldest girl at the age of nine years suffered from an attack of whooping cough which left her very weak. She was unable to leave a severe attack of St. Vitus dance. She was under a doctor's care, but with no beneficial results. We also tried other treatment, but with no better results. To make matters worse, she was taken down with measles. Again the doctor was called in, as she became so weak, and her limbs so trembly that we were told to take her to the hospital. I thought a change of air might help her, so we sent her by boat to Port Arthur, where she was taken to a hotel. She seemed to improve a little, but as soon as she came home her strength was gone again. I took her to another doctor, but with no better results. I was distracted to see how hopeless the case seemed. I decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. I got six bottles and they did what neither doctors nor other remedies had even started to do. They built her up completely. The St. Vitus dance disappeared, and she is now as healthy and strong as ever. I play with the other girls, and she has no more trouble. She is now about eighteen months. She walks to and from school, a distance of about a mile, which, of course, is proof of her present good health. I am glad to praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for, and always recommend them in all cases of weakness." You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c. a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Movie Pictures Of Northern Scenes
Arriving at The Pas, Captain Charles Sutton, pilot and party have completed an 8,000-mile aerial voyage which took them into the northern reaches of the Canadian Northwest, and beyond Fort Churchill. Motion pictures of the northern scenes and of the Indians and Eskimos, were taken. This was the main objective of the journey.

Attacked By Asthma.—The first fearful sensation is of suffocation, which hour by hour becomes more desperate and hopeless. To such a case the relief afforded by Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems nothing less than miraculous. His help is quickly apparent and the dreadful attack is mastered. The asthmatic who has found out the dependability of this sterling remedy will never be without it. It is sold everywhere.

Prize For Canada
The Chicago Tribune says: "Canada is a land of agriculture and minerals and of fish and forests. When crops in the west no longer have the heavy surplus of the present, Canada will expand again. It is a great potentiality, and as long as rains fall and its black earth of the glaciers and the black earth of the glaciers, land where men will wish to live.

Wheat Arrivals
It is estimated that nearly 50,000,000 acres will be sown to wheat in Canada this year. Last year we had 14,148,460 acres sown to wheat, and the total production was 53,571,600 bushels, an average of 22.5 bushels per acre.

Columbia Ice Fields
The melting waters from the Columbia ice fields in Jasper National Park feed the sources of three of the largest and most historic rivers in the Canadian West—the Athabasca, the Saskatchewan, and the Columbia, which flow into three oceans.

For sunburn—apply Minard's Liniment.

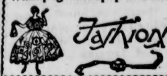
W. N. U. 1758



FREE BABY BOOKS
Write The Borden Co., Limited, Montreal, Que. P. 48, or Baby Welfare Book.

EAGLE BRAND
CONDENSED MILK.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



Uniform Prize Ribbons
Uniformity in Color Is Agreed Upon For Fair and Exhibition.

The Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, has informed the Canadian Association of Exhibitions that it is willing to co-operate with the association's suggestions for uniformity of color in prize ribbon awards throughout Canada.

Hereafter at all fairs and exhibitions under the jurisdiction of the association first prize will be denoted by red, second by blue, third by white, fourth by yellow, fifth by green, and sixth by pink. Sweepstakes winners will be awarded the red, white and blue combination and the grand champions red and blue.

Much confusion has resulted in past years at fairs and exhibitions by the failure to adopt a standard system of colors with regard to awards.

Sore Corns Drop Off If You Use "Putnam's"

When you notice any sign of callosities on the feet or toes—that's the time to paint on a few drops of PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. Do this, and you prevent corns. No matter if the corn is hard or soft. Let it be on top or between the toes. Putnam's will remove it without pain. Insist on PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. It digs into the roots of the corn, quickly and without pain.

460

ATTRACTIVE FLARE
Smug lips in charming frock of navy blue silk crepe, are emphasized by a long red crepe. The hip yoke is draped to side and finished with large self-fabric bow. The neck-line is unusually becoming with Alencon lace collar, which also appears in cuffs. Style No. 460 can be had in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

Faith and Works Inseparable
"Twas an unhappy discovery that has been made between faith and works. Though in my intellect I may divide them, just as in the candle I know there is both light and heat, but yet put out the candle, and they are both gone; one remains not without the other. So 'tis betwixt faith and works."

Waterloo Lakes Famous For Trout
Excellent fishing may be enjoyed in the National Parks of Canada, especially in the Waterloo Lakes Park, Alberta, which is famous for its trout. Specimens of trout weighing as much as fifty pounds have been taken from Waterloo Lakes.

How To Order Patterns
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Always Ready and Reliable.—Practically all pains arising from inflammation can be removed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Simply rub it on the sore spot and it is quickly absorbed by the skin. Its healing power is conveyed to the inflamed tissue which is quickly soothed. This fine old remedy is also a specific for all manner of cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains. Keep a bottle handy always.

Settlers For Alberta

Quite a few new settlers from the United States have arrived in the Valley Alta, during the past two weeks and several families have also come into the Brooks area to take up farms in the Rainier district. The details in all cases are being arranged through the Canadian Pacific's Department of Natural Resources.

Use Minard's for the rub down.

One advantage of the fliver over the airplane is that when the fliver's engine stops, so does the fliver.

Good Friend To Trappers

Radio Makes Life In Northern Wilds Less Lonely

The trapper's life in the wilds of northern and central British Columbia and lonely outposts of the west is made for the radio is keeping the isolated cabin homes of these forest nomads closely in touch with the world's activities.

The radio has been a wonderful boon to the Canadian trapper and only the lowliest of technical men could be equipped themselves with radio sets. Indeed, owing to the distance to be covered and the various technical difficulties to be overcome to obtain satisfactory reception, most of them have bought powerful sets. No longer does the trapper find that nights are made for sleep alone. After following the trapline all day the modern trapper spends the evenings in his cabin smoking his pipe and listening to the news of the day and the orchestra broadcasts from hundreds of miles away.

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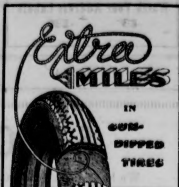
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Use Minard's for the rub down.

One advantage of the fliver over the airplane is that when the fliver's engine stops, so does the fliver.



GUM-DIPPING which saturates every fibre and every strand of rubber, serves the same purpose as that of a cobbler waxing his thread . . . prevents friction and multiplies strength.

This extra strength multiplies mileage, and increases mileage with no increase in price means lower cost per mile. That's why Firestone tires.

MOST MILES PER DOLLAR

Made in Hamilton, Canada

Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited

Firestone
GUM-DIPPED
TIRES

Pure River Crops

Crop conditions throughout the Peace River country are very promising at the present time and the season is somewhat more advanced than in more southerly sections of the province, according to authoritative reports. The movement of people into the Peace River country during the past year or two is being reflected in a considerable increase in the acreage under crop in 1929 as compared with last year.

Irrigation Cost Runs Into Millions

Construction cost of 10 major irrigation projects now operating in southern Alberta amount to about \$31,000,000, or an average cost of approximately \$31 per acre for the area or slightly more than one million acres.

Tennis and Golf

Players everywhere use Minard's to ease sore and tired feet.

Minard's
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT



Cut Down Food Wastage

---by covering all perishable goods with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Para-Sani moisture-proof texture will keep them fresh until you are ready to use them.

You'll find the Para-Sani sanitary knife-cut cartons handy. Or use "Cent-Pak" Packs in their form for less exacting needs. At grocers, druggists, stationers.

Appleford Paper Products
LIMITED

HAMILTON ONT.

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

COLORFUL SCENES AT ELECTIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN

London, England.—Hundreds of thousands of Londoners kept watch the small hours of the morning as the fatal figures shifted on hundreds of lottery screens and electric signs.

In Piccadilly Circus, Trafalgar Square and other famous centres of London, the jostling crowds took on a carnival appearance. Vendors of varicolored toy balloons showed men in evening clothes, while male celebrities walked along the pavements, masquerading in women's coats and hats.

Top of the buses were crowded with people out to see the spectacle and apparently careless of the fact that they were not getting anywhere in the tremendous traffic blockades. Lower Regent Street, by midnight was jammed with buses fifty deep. It was estimated at least 30,000 persons had packed into Trafalgar Square, where a huge stroboscopic electric bulletin was mounted.

Party partisans even decorated the huge lions at the foot of Nelson's monument with their colors, but the police cleared them away.

In night clubs, restaurants and hotels throughout the fashionable West End, thousands of London society folk danced the hours away in the early morning, while the electric returns by radio broke to the music.

Premier Baldwin spent the evening more quietly at Number 10 Downing Street, his official residence, with Mrs. Baldwin and a party of friends. He listened to the returns over the radio.

His Majesty Suffers Relapse

Public Is Worried Over News Regarding Condition of King George

London, England.—Somewhat assuring news as to the condition of King George, who was learned to be again confined to his bed, came from an attack of fever, was obtained from Windsor Castle.

The shock caused by the news that His Majesty had suffered a relapse, was two-fold. This came first from its unexpectedness, since most of his subjects thought that his rule normally convalescent, and, second, from the gravity of the illness. His Majesty's illness is considered a dangerous disease, particularly apt to strike a sudden end. Very few persons knew that His Majesty had suffered a relapse. The fact was not public in London and the voting in the general election had been distracted and absorbed at the attention of every one in England.

American Boat Seized

Another Fishing Trawler Is Held By Authorities At Pacific Port

Prince Rupert, B.C.—The United States salmon troller "Mary C. Fisher" has been brought into port here by the Canadian patrol boat Rivalds after seizure off Tow Hill, Graham Island, for violation of Canadian fishing regulations.

Captain A. A. Filion, of the salmon troller, claims he went to Tow Hill to make repairs as allowed under international agreement. The seizure of the "Mary C. Fisher" follows a number of other seizures of U.S. salmon trollers recently. It is claimed that the boats are using Canadian waters for fishing under the guise of entering the waters for shelter, effecting repairs, or other valid reasons.

Speeding Up Construction

Saskatoon, Sask.—Every effort will be made to have the Melfort-Albert branch of the Canadian National Railway completed this fall. W. A. Kingland, general manager of Western Lines, said that he hoped through the city on his way to Houston. He stated grain would be hauled over the line this year even if it were necessary to use skeleton tracks for small distances.

Fire Destroys Lumber Mill

New Westminster, B.C.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the planing mill plant of the Brunette Lumber Company at Sapperton, near here, with an estimated loss of \$100,000.

Estimates Approved

Ottawa.—After a somewhat tempestuous passage, all estimates of the department of immigration have been finally approved by the supply committee of the House of Commons.

W. N. U. 1788

Sewer Gas Explosion Causes Much Damage

One Person Believed Fatally Injured When Blast Rocks Ottawa

Ottawa.—Explosion of sewer gas in four parts of the city caused probably fatal injuries to one and hurt a number of others at the same time, destroying considerable property where the blasts were most severe.

There was panic in several sections when the booming of the explosions, accompanied by leaping pillars of flame and water, shook dwellings and rattled the windows of houses and office buildings. Women and children ran screaming from their homes.

In the streets, man-hole covers were thrown into the air a height of 50 or 60 feet. Confusion reigned. Fire alarms brought apparatus to scot fires, and patrol where there was likelihood of any outbreak.

St. Martin's, Reformed Episcopal Church, built in 1876, and a landmark in the Sandy Hill district, was thrown into wreckage as though it had been blasted by high explosives. Several stores in its vicinity were also destroyed, but persons in these latter buildings were not badly hurt.

Grain Buyers Organize

Will Function Along Lines Recommended By Grain Enquiry

Saskatoon, Sask.—Grain buyers of Western Canada have an organization under formation which will be known as the Grain Buyers' Service. It was announced here today that it will be managed by an executive committee consisting of a number of active buyers in the West. The organization will function along the lines recommended by the Royal Grain Enquiry during the sittings in Saskatchewan last winter and is aimed to raise the standard of grain buyers considerably during the next few years.

An employment bureau will be handled in connection with the organization to assist its members in securing employment. At present the organization has a large membership in Northern Saskatchewan, and by fall a 100 per cent. membership.

Particulars of the body are under preparation and are expected to be completed within a few days.

Saskatchewan Men In Marathon Swim

Two Have Entered Names In Fourth Wrigley Event

Saskatoon, Sask.—Saskatchewan will be entered in the fourth Wrigley swim marathon to be held in connection with the Toronto exhibition, on August 28. Saskatchewan's entry in this world-famous event will be Jack Smyth, of 211 Sixth Street, who has already forwarded his entry to the office at Toronto. Prince Albert will be represented in the same event by H. Houghton, Smyth and Houghton will train at Prince Albert National Park. They intend establishing training quarters there at once.

Want Chair Of Music

Saskatoon.—A motion regarding the desirability of a chair of music at the various provincial Universities, was an outstanding item at the Inter-Provincial Musical Festival Conference, held here. The Conference, which was attended by officers and delegates from the associations of the four western provinces, expressed the hope that the authorities concerned would take early action.

Will Remain In Force

Victoria.—British Columbia's tax on non-resident paying exported has declared ultra vires by Chief Justice Aulay Morrison, of the Supreme Court, will remain in force until the judgment has been appealed by the provincial government as a result of arrangements reached between the province and the Dominion government. It was announced.

Board Of Conciliation

Ottawa.—A board of conciliation under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act has been established by Hon. Peter Hoeman, minister of labor, to deal with a dispute between the Canadian National Railway and its firemen and engineers, members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

To Conduct Prosecution

Prince Rupert, B.C.—E. F. Jones, of this city, has received instructions from the Attorney General to prosecute the prosecution of the four United States salmon trollers seized recently at Goose Harbor.

Working For World Peace

Saskatchewan Will Hold Provincial Conference On June 28, At Saskatoon

Saskatoon.—With a dominion peace conference as objective, provincial conferences are being organized, Saskatchewan joining in the movement by arranging a gathering at the University of Saskatchewan on June 28. This was decided at a meeting called by Mrs. H. Johnston, president of the United Farm Women of Saskatchewan, and attended by representatives from all organizations in the province working for world peace. The date was chosen to accommodate the large number who will be in Saskatoon for rural women's conventions covering not only the province but the whole of the Dominion, represented in the Women's Institutes.

AGREEMENT IS REACHED ON REPARATIONS

Paris.—The German experts and their creditors came to an agreement on revised reparations amounts as proposed by Chairman Owen D. Young.

These annuities average 2,000,000,000 gold marks (about \$470,000,000) for thirty-seven years; 1,700,000,000 marks (\$400,000,000) for twenty-one years, and 500,000,000 marks (\$115,000,000) for the final year.

Under the agreement as concluded, these annuities will run from September next, instead of from April 1 last, as originally calculated. The Dawes plan of payments will meanwhile continue in force.

The situation was explained by Thos. W. Lamont, United States representative, as follows:

Both creditor and German experts have heretofore declared themselves willing to accept the annuity figure of 2,000,000,000 marks as suggested by the chairman, although a difference existed on the question of interpretation.

"This difference has now been removed and a common basis for interpretation acceptable to both creditors and to Germany has been found. Subject, however, to agreement on the outstanding conditions which still remain for discussion and settlement."

It was further explained this agreement was no one's victory, for both Germans and creditors gave way to make it possible. The general opinion of the experts was that a most important step had been taken toward final elimination of the Great War. There was no disposition to cry "victory," because there remained a number of knotty points among German conditions and allied reservations, any one of which if not satisfactorily disposed of might make final agreement impossible.

The Bull Dog Breed



Feet squarely planted on the deck of a Canada-bound liner, this young Bullishog roughly shugs a left shoulder at the photographer. Member of the agriculture family coming forward under the auspices of the Department of Colonization and Development, Canadian Pacific Railway, he looks forward to a romping, healthy life in Canada—thanks to the Askew Scheme.

WILL PILOT GIANT DRUGGIBLE



Major G. H. Scott, chosen by the British government to pilot the great R-100 on its maiden voyage to Canada.

A Reciprocal Visit

Australians Invite Canadian Boys To Make Return Tour

Victoria.—"We are leaving Canada with the hope that a reciprocal visit to Australia will be arranged for Canadian 'boys,'" Major John J. Simons, leader of the Young Australian League, started today for embarking in the liner "Aorangi" homeward bound.

"We have had a wonderful tour, and its success has greatly exceeded our expectations," he added.

The aim of the League in fostering these tours, Major Simons said, was to create better understanding between the English-speaking peoples of the world, and in this, he thought, the League had been in a large measure successful.

Salmon Treaty Approved

Committee Evenly Divided and Chairman Voted In Favor

Ottawa.—On the casting vote of the chairman, William Duff, Liberal, Antigonish-Guyboro, the marine and fisheries committee of the House of Commons approved the Canadian United States seafishery salmon fisheries convention. The convention was signed at Washington on March 27 last.

When the division was called, ten members of the committee voted against the pact and ten in favor, with the vote a tie. Mr. Duff, as chairman, then voted for the treaty.

Casualty List Heavy
Manila.—The death toll in the typhoon in Southern Leyte province was reported at 112 as communications and mail sections were re-established. First reports of the storm received here gave the number of deaths as ten. Some of the towns in the typhoon area still were isolated when the casualty list was completed.

Amended Bill Is Passed By Committee

Would Make Divorce Much Easier For Deserted Wives

Ottawa.—An amendment to the bill respecting the domicile of married women, although opposed by a large section of the house, passed when Parliament went into committee to consider the bill. The amendment makes it possible for a woman, deserted by her husband and left living alone for two years, to establish her domicile in any province of Canada where a divorce court exists for the purpose of obtaining divorce.

The bill, as amended, passed the committee stage and now stands for third reading. The amendment was passed by a vote of 26 to 25.

During the debate, Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of justice, declared that conditions in Canada would be worse than in Reno if the bill as amended became law. In Reno, a person desiring to obtain a divorce was required to wait three months before taking proceedings. Under the bill before the house, such person would go to a province where a divorce court existed and begin proceedings immediately.

Hon. R. E. Bennett, Conservative leader, pointed out that women wishing to obtain a divorce must establish her domicile to the satisfaction of the court.

Slaughter Of Tribesmen

2,000 Arabs Reported To Have Been Slain In Tribal Fight

London.—A Jerusalem dispatch to the Express says desert tribesmen brought to Beyrout word that 2,000 Arabs were slain at Elhar, Nejd, in a battle fought between Ajman and Jelaah tribes.

The fight was attributed to a breach of desert hospitality.

The slaying of Ajman visited and was entertained by the sheik of Jelaah, but no sooner had he left the tent of his host than he was attacked.

The Ajman tribesmen promptly retaliated and in the following conflict the sheik and a thousand tribesmen on each side were reported to have been killed.

Capital Invested In Canada

Canadians Own Over Half Of Securities In Dominion

Ottawa.—Canadians own 60 per cent, to 65 per cent, of the securities of all enterprises located on Canadian soil. British investment in Canada at the beginning of 1928 was two-thirds that of United States investments in this country, or \$2,260,517,000, as compared with \$3,280,750,000.

The total British and foreign investment in Canada at the time noted was \$5,742,043,000, the balance of \$2,475,740,000 coming from alien countries other than the United States.

APPEAL IN TAX CASE IS WON BY WHEAT POOL

Ottawa.—Judgment was given by the exchequer court in favor of the Saskatchewan Wheat Producers Limited, in their appeal from the assessments in the years 1925 and 1926, by the minister of national revenue, at \$154,143 and \$392,450 respectively.

These amounts represented deductions set aside for elevator and commercial reserves, and for operating expenses.

Mr. Justice Audette held that the deductions were merely temporary and made by the farmers in the pool and were not gains or profits within the meaning of the act.

The judgments say in part: "The deductions are so much less of the price, the proceeds of the farmer's grain, which he leaves by agreement, in the hands of such as the pool capital for carrying on and acquiring elevators—the value there of being credited to him as his own having been his own all through under the true meaning of the provincial act and the contract made thereunder; and that the association, which has the liability capacity for the grain growers, accounts for every cent it receives, and retains nothing that amounts to gain or profit."

AMENDMENTS TO ELECTION ACT ARE EXPLAINED

Ottawa.—Hon. Lucien Cannon, editor-general of Canada, explained to the House of Commons the two principles involved in the amendments recommended by the special standing committee which, during the present session, has investigated the Dominion Elections Act. These amendments were before the House for approval.

The first radical change recommended by the committee was for the appointment of returning officers by the chief electoral officer for the Dominion. In the past returning officers all across Canada had been appointed by the governor-general-in-council at the recommendation of the secretary of state.

The second principle requiring change, according to the recommendations, was in the compilation of the voters' lists from provincial lists. The recommendations contained in the amendment urged that in urban centers enumerators be appointed to compile permanent federal lists. This practice will save much expense and trouble and will enable inaccuracies to be eradicated, the committee agreed, Mr. Cannon pointed out.

It was the hope of the committee, Mr. Cannon said, that the amendments might be passed during this present session since they would require some time to be put to practical effect. The bill was given second reading forthwith and considered in detail in committee.

Mr. Cannon pointed out that the amendments provided for in the bill would apply at the next general election. It was the opinion of the committee that they should not apply at any by-election which might be held before the next general election.

Many Press Delegates Going To Conference

Canada Is Sending Twenty To England Next Year

Montreal.—J. H. Woods, managing editor of the Calgary Herald, and chairman of the Canadian Division of the British Empire Press Union, announced today that twenty Canadian press delegates will be sent to London, England, next year to attend the annual conference for the Canadian contingent of press delegates to the Imperial Press Conference next year in London. "Canada will be sending 20 delegates to represent the 60 members of the Union in Canada," said Mr. Woods. "This is the largest representation of any part of the Empire with the exception of the British Isles."

To Cross Continent In Buggy

Stockbridge, Mass.—Russell Bech with has no use for automobiles, so will set out on a trip on horse and buggy that will eventually take him to British Columbia. Mr. Bech with has leased his farm here and leaves to visit a brother in Connecticut. He also will go to Pennsylvania for a visit before heading for British Columbia.

Five Italian Flyers Killed

Rome.—The crew of five of a military bombing plane were killed when it crashed into Mount Orsara near Corigliano, while on a night flight. The dead were two lieutenants, two under-officers, and a soldier mechanic. A sudden violent storm had come up while they were flying over the Apennine mountains.

Rebels Kill Ambassador

Constantinople.—An authoritative information has reached Ankara from Afghanistan, stating that Afghan rebels captured and killed Ghalim Djalali Bey, Afghan ambassador to Turkey who was recalled by former King Amanullah to aid in the fight against the rebels. The report said that Ghalim was tortured to death.

Unemployed In Britain

London.—The number of unemployed in Great Britain on May 13, 1928, 1,101,709 persons, a decrease of 25,000 under the previous week. It was officially announced here. The number was also 12,600 below the unemployment figures of May 13, 1928.

Y.M.C.A. Convention

Toronto.—Many eastern delegates will attend the National Young Men's Christian Association convention at Banff, Alta. June 4 to 10. Many delegates will go from Montreal and Toronto.

Home Life Of Western Canada

Great Improvement Is Shown With In Recent Years

The progress of the Indians on reserves in the three Prairie Provinces towards a position of self-support and independence is one of the gratifying features of the work of the Department of Indian Affairs. In farming and cattle raising these wards of the Government have, during recent years, secured conspicuous success and the prosperous conditions prevailing on western reserves are reflected in the improved mode of living. New houses are springing up on all the reserves at the annual rate of from 300 to 400. These are of log and frame construction with at least six windows providing ample light and ventilation. Well kept gardens are laid out near many of these homes while such cows, flocks of poultry, and pigs are not uncommon sights in the backyards.

The improvement in home life on the reserves is due to a large measure to the training received by the young Indian women in the boarding schools maintained by the Department. In these boarding schools, among other things, the principles of domestic science and hygiene. At one time it was a difficult matter for the Indians to realize the value of milk as a food for themselves and their children, and to get them to milk their cows. However, a gradual change has taken place in their attitude. An increasing number of cows are being raised in Indian homes, and butter is in use in Indian homes. The development of gardening is another gratifying feature of the Indians' progress and last year 350 acres were sown to vegetables.

In the matter of hygiene, the Department of Indian Affairs makes every effort to encourage good practice. Where the wives and mothers are school graduates, the value of sanitary conditions is fully realized, and among the older Indians women of the class of the travelling women and hotel matrons is gradually bearing fruit. Four travelling women are constantly on the road visiting Indian homes on the various reserves in the West, instructing the women how to live and how to care for their children. This service is constantly being rendered by the work of a staff of field matrons who make frequent visits to give any advice and assistance needed by the native women.

The care of the aged is also a particular responsibility of the Department, and officers and reserves provide food, clothing, and homes for indigent members of the bands. During the last three years the policy of the Department has been to encourage as many old Indians as possible to live in teepees during the summer. The teepees and modern large and well ventilated and the old Indians are greatly benefited in health by this practice of living in these airy, summer habitations.

Says Earth's Interior Sea Of Liquid Glass

Geologist Puts Temperature Over 30,000 Degrees

Now comes Professor Dyer of Havana, geologist, and tells the world that the interior of the earth "is a sea of dense liquid glass," hotter than the infernal regions under a pressure of 50,000,000 pounds to the square inch. To be exact he puts the temperature down there at more than 50,000 degrees centigrade. He says the earth's crust is "some thirty miles deep." Under this is granite on top of basalt, and yet lower is some material not unlike the metallic iron found in meteorites. Then comes the liquid glass from center of the earth to embrace its radius. If ever that turns hose under the pressure there'll be the greatest squish there from the world's surface on record.

"Oscar, come down and don't keep running up there."

"I'm not coming, I am only regretting that I didn't pay the car license."—Flegende Blätter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1758

Summer Fallow Substitutes In Saskatchewan

No Substitutes Have Yet Been Found To Equal Fallow System

The summer fallow continues to provide the best preparation for a full crop of wheat in Southwestern Saskatchewan. At the Swift Current Experimental Station, various fallow substitutes have been tried but none have equalled the fallow system. Of the various substitutes crops such as potatoes and corn have been best. What following these crops has been about 5 bushels per acre less at the Swift Current Station than on fallow. When cereals in rows were substituted for fallow the result has been a wheat yield in the next year about equal to the yields secured from spring-ploughed wheat stubble. The superintendent of the station observes in his report for last year, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa that it would appear that cereals grown in cultivated rows use moisture to the advantage of the ordinary seeding of the same cereal. Another point of considerable importance is that it has been found impossible, without hand labour, to keep row crops free of weeds, thus losing an important advantage of a clean fallow in destroying weeds. Since potatoes and corn cannot be grown on any large acreage for economic reasons the conclusion is reached and stated in the report that any considerable substitution of row crops for fallow is not sound practice for southwestern Saskatchewan, at the present time.

Success With Buffalo

Herds Continue To Multiply In The Various Parks

A gratifying feature of Canada's adventure in bringing back the buffalo is the way in which the different herds continue to multiply and to expand beyond the granting capacity of their once extensive ranges. The case of the main herd at Watrous, Alberta, in which there was an increase from about 700 head to 1,500 head has often been cited. In 1928, of the herd in the Canadian West, 200 were slaughtered and their carcasses and hides disposed of to relieve the growing congestion there. The case of the main herd at Watrous, Alberta, in which there was an increase from about 700 head to 1,500 head has often been cited. In 1928, of the herd in the Canadian West, 200 were slaughtered and their carcasses and hides disposed of to relieve the growing congestion there. The case of the main herd at Watrous, Alberta, in which there was an increase from about 700 head to 1,500 head has often been cited. In 1928, of the herd in the Canadian West, 200 were slaughtered and their carcasses and hides disposed of to relieve the growing congestion there.

"My hardest proposition isn't earning my keep."

"No?"

"It's keeping what I earn."

Switzerland a Busy Country

Can Hold Its Own With More Favored Competitors

Switzerland, the great holiday resort of Europe, is a small landlocked country, without direct access to the sea, and cannot be compared with its neighbors in the way of reaching to the scale of its particular products or its method of handling them. But it has shown remarkable genius in the way of concentrating and concentrating its industries, and in devising ways and means of overcoming its commercial handicaps. The Swiss can hold their own with their more favored competitors in most lines of big business they undertake to tackle, and the Canadian Trade Commissioner, in a report published in the Canadian Intelligence Journal, pointed out that Switzerland conducts business on a large scale and has many highly capitalized corporations.

In 1928, the average dividends paid by 422 manufacturing companies was 9.01 per cent, while during the same period the average for all undertakings was slightly in excess of 6 per cent. The high built policy which most countries adopted after the war caused a certain transference of Swiss industry abroad and many branch factories are now operating in foreign countries. The domestic market is small and restricted, and hence the bulk of the manufactures must be exported.

The secret of industrial success in Switzerland lies in the fact that the tendency is towards a high degree of specialization, backed by well-paid and highly skilled and intelligent labor. The chief industries are textile, silk manufacturing, cotton and embroidery manufacturing, machinery and metal industry, chemical and dye industry, and the watch making industry, and the people are thrifty, industrious, painstaking and clever.

An All-Night Session

"Yesterday," said Jabon, "I refused a poor woman a request for a ride in my car because she was late. I was right. I passed a deep sleep last night. The tones of her voice kept ringing in my ears the whole night."

"Your softness of heart does you credit," said Malson. "Who was the woman?"

"My wife."

Specific Orders

Father had been in the habit of warning his little daughter regarding her conduct as he left home. One morning he kissed the child and said:

"Now be a good little girl."

"With an expectant smile, she added:

"And don't wait."

Ground Must Be Clear

Thorough Cultivation Should Precede Sowing Says Expert

The use of Government tested reliable seed is always to be recommended, according to W. J. Wright, of the Dominion Seed Trust, but this alone, this official advice, is not sufficient in order to keep the farm clean. Clean cultivation must precede sowing in order to kill the weeds, the seeds and roots of which have wintered over in the ground, and where clover, alfalfa or timothy is being sown with the grain, it is also essential to have this cleaned up too. Mr. Wright urges the buying of tested, Government-graded seed, but where a farmer is using his own he is urged to get it tested, before sowing, in the nearest Government laboratory.

These are located at Calgary, Saskatoon, Winnipeg, Toronto, Ottawa, and Quebec City, and up to three samples will be tested for any farm, free of charge, with a nominal charge on additional samples. Clean high-grade grain will give a yield of 100 bushels per acre, more than ordinary uncleaned seed, and it will not keep the farm clean unless the other two conditions mentioned are carried out.

Achieve True Success

Those Who Leave World Better Than They Found It

He has achieved success who has lived well, loved deeply and loved much; who has gained the respect of intelligent men and the love of little children; who has found his niche and accomplished his task; who has left the world better than he found it, whether by an improved plot, a perfect poem, a rescued soul, who has never lacked appreciation of life's beauty or failed to express it; who has always looked for the best in others and given the best he had; whose life was an inspiration; whose memory is a benediction.

The Parts He Wanted

Young Man—"When I bought a motor-bike from you a few weeks ago you said if anything broke within six months you would supply a new part free."

Salesman—"Certainly, sir. What may I have the pleasure of providing for you?"

Young Man—"Well, I want four front teeth."

Canada's Arctic Expedition

The annual expedition by ship to Canada's Arctic Islands will leave North Sydney, Nova Scotia, about July 20 next, on the S.S. Labrador. The first port of call will be Godhavn, Greenland, after which the expedition will call at the different Government headquarters in the archipelago.

Victory Over Diphtheria

Dread Disease Could Be Absolutely Stamped Out Of Canada In Two Years

The lives of 1,200 Canadians—mostly children—are dreadfully sacrificed yearly to the worst disease of the age, diphtheria, declared Dr. Charles J. Hastings, Medical Health Officer for Toronto, in a health bulletin issued recently.

A case of diphtheria occurring in any community or municipality is a reflection on the department of health, the medical profession, and the citizens," declares Dr. Hastings. "Every death from diphtheria should be looked upon as due to culpable negligence."

By close co-operation of citizens with their family physicians and the various departments of public health, diphtheria could be absolutely stamped out of Canada within the next two years.

Immunization is the method recommended by Dr. Hastings to drive the disease from this country. The discovery of the Schick Test, by which it may be finally determined who is and who is not susceptible to diphtheria attacks, was the final victory over the disease.

Before the development of the Schick Test the discovery of the immunizing solution, "toxoid," put into the hands of the medical profession a weapon which, if used intelligently, rendered the subject immune to the disease for from 12 to 15 years and probably for life.

By the Schick Test it has been determined that 15 per cent of all infants under 3 months are susceptible to diphtheria, 30 per cent between 3 and 6 months, 60 per cent between 6 months to a year, 60 per cent from one year to two years, 60 per cent from two to three years, and the age onwards the percentage decreases until at the age of 20 only 15 per cent are susceptible.

Of thousands of toxoid administrations to Toronto school children none has resulted harmfully.

According to statistics compiled by the Canadian Social Hygiene Council, 1,200 people died in Canada last year from diphtheria while 12,500 people died from diphtheria in the United States.

"It is apparent," Dr. Hastings says, "diphtheria is still one of the most deadly enemies of children, especially those under the age of 5. From 56 to 75 per cent of all diphtheria deaths occur in children less than five years old. This is a very high death rate, before they come under the observation of departments of health in an organized way, and it is a very high death rate for parents so frequently deceived by the insidious onset of the disease; they frequently think the child has only an ordinary cold in the head until it has progressed too far to be cured."

Three Historical Valleys

Are Situated In Southern Part Of Saskatchewan

In the southern portion of Saskatchewan there are three outstanding valleys, the Saskatchewan Valley, the Qu'Appelle Valley, and the Moose Jaw Valley. All have historic and romantic associations. The Saskatchewan Valley is associated with the Verendrye, the Qu'Appelle Valley, with the Cree and the Saulteaux Indians, and further with the black-robed form of Pius Huguonard. The Moose Jaw Valley is conspicuously historic because of its associations with the early and the Sioux Indians.

In the early 70's because of its proximity to the American states and because of its luxuriant growths of vegetation and many waterfalls, the valley in the Dakotas and Montana were driven to the late drifting to Le Gar's country, as the settlers came to the prairie.

Welsh Miners Coming To Canada More than 1,000 Welsh miners will soon sail from England for Ontario, under the direction of the provincial department of colonization, says John S. Martin, minister of colonization, announced. "The men will be placed on farms as soon as they arrive," he said. "We have plenty of room for them."

There is no place like the home of a young man's best girl.

Fitting Boys For Life Overseas

Bristol Migration Committee Launches Of The Good Work

H.R.M. Prince Arthur, of Connaught, visited Bristol, England, on May 10, to open a commodious house in which forty boys are to be in residence for training for farm work in Australia and Canada. A nine to twelve weeks' training course is provided for about 120 to 160 boys and youths will be sent out each year.

This scheme has been launched by the Bristol Migration Committee, which has the Lord Mayor at its head, and which, with the co-operation of the City Council, will be able to train the boys on the Corporation Farm of 300 acres. It has a herd of cattle ranging from 60 to 100 sheep, horses, a big herd of pigs and about 800 poultry. The boys will be taught to adapt themselves generally to farm life.

In addition to the hotel the committee are using Cabot House—here the Lord Mayor, the Lord Mayor's remnant of the Sebastian and John Cabot, who sailed from Bristol to discover North America—and here the boys will learn carpentering, boot repairing and club work, and be generally taught to become handy men.

His Royal Highness in opening the Hostel said—

"It furnishes an example of what can be done by whole-hearted co-operation between the State and the community. I am glad to know that the hostel has been generously supported by the City Corporation and by the Government. From my personal knowledge of the Dominion, I am certain that they offer great opportunities to British boys. At the same time, it is vital that boys going to the Dominions should be tested and prepared for the new life they are to live out there. The testing and the training which will be given in this hostel will undoubtedly stand them in good stead."

Just over 400 years ago, the citizens of Bristol offered Sebastian Cabot to sail from this port on a voyage which is famous even in your famous annals. They did better than they knew, for, though the voyage showed no commercial profit, it was the first practical step towards founding our Empire overseas. (Applause.) I believe Cabot took with him five cabin boys from this district, to doubt boys of similar type to those I see round me now; and I think, specially appropriate that the Corporation and citizens of Bristol should follow up and consolidate that work, by helping their young manhood to maintain the British stock, and the British traditions in our great Dominions overseas. (Applause.) I know that these boys will be heartily welcomed there by their kith and kin. They are going to live in the creation of wealth from the fertile land of these new countries, and it is well that their fellow citizens should see to it that they are properly equipped, as Cabot and his companions were, for the work that lies before them. I wish the boys every success. I would urge them to work hard, and play the game, never forgetting their parents, their city and their motherland. (Applause.)

Canada's Air Mail Grows

A recent statement shows that up to April 30, 1929, a total of 416,885 pounds of mail have been carried by aeroplane in Canada. In the West, over the Winnipeg-Regina, Calgary-Edmonton route some 4,820 pounds have been carried. Even the north has had its share for in the Mackenzie River district, up until March 13 of this year, 4,914 pounds were carried.

Many a preacher exhausts his congregation before he exhausts his subject.

Teacher: "What is stealing?"

Boy: "I stole my hand in your pocket and take a shilling, what would that be?"

Boy: "A miracle."—Sondag-niss-Birke, Stockholm.

Thomas Lipton Patronizes Stampede



For a week in July of each year the entire populace of Calgary, cast off its conventional morning clothing and dons cheongs and tie-dye hats in honor of the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede, a relic of The Last Great West and one of the finest exhibitions of horsemanship in the world. This year's Calgary Stampede will be held July 8-15, inclusive, and Guy Weppert, its manager, well known in the West, has announced that it will be "bigger and better" than ever. The attendance at the Stampede has increased by leaps and bounds ever since its inception in 1912, when it was witnessed

by a few inquisitive thousands, but by 1922 it had reached the 100,000 mark; it had doubled that by 1925; and 1928 saw 220,000 people cheering and reveling in this exhibition of the prowess of the plainsman. Several world-celebrated personalities will donate prizes for the major cowboy contests in 1929, among them being the Prince of Wales, R. W. Healey, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and Sir Thomas Lipton, British yachtsman and sporting enthusiast.

The various events scheduled include horse-busting, steer decorating (once known as bull-dogging), calf-roping, wild steer riding, wild horse and chuck-wagon races, wild

cow milking contests and races in which buck Indians and squaws demonstrate that the red man is not neither speed nor stamina with the depletion of the Indian strength of his tribe. The Indian next on the program. Rushing from her tepee, an apron tied round her waist, she jumped astride an Indian cayuse and won first prize—her apron whipping behind her in the breeze.

Right Class Of Immigrants Cannot Fail To Make Good In This Land of Opportunity

The shipment of immigrants who are now arriving at our Atlantic ports and making their way to various parts of the country will, we have no doubt, with few exceptions, turn out to be self-reliant people prepared to make the struggle that average human beings have to make in order to get along. It is to be presumed that they have all heard about Canada as a land of opportunity, and they cannot misunderstand this to mean opportunity for living in idleness. Such of them as are intent to stay, and not merely to linger a while as "birds of passage" on their way to the United States, must intend to do their part as producers of wealth. From time to time there may be need to help indigent families to get on a footing of self-maintenance. Neighbourly kindness from people already settled and thriving here is to be taken for granted. It is worth far more than any excessive paternalism on the part of the state.

Some organization in this country and some persons who set themselves up as chain spokesmen make a great show of uneasiness about the increasing of the country's population by immigration. Labor leaders feel that we shall have more town dwellers than we can find work for. Agitators in the agricultural regions profess to be alarmed over the increase of farmers of the land. They would add to the output of farm products and bring the price of these products down. These would ones very more than the willing and

The Call Of The Land

Cyrus G. Shaver, Returning To Manitoba To Farm Again

"The call of home" is strong. In the case of Cyrus G. Shaver, the call of the soil was too strong for him to resist.

Mr. Shaver was born and raised on a farm in the Pembina Valley, in southern Manitoba, and in 1922 he left Canada and secured employment in Detroit.

In Detroit he did well and bought a home and settled down.

The call of the soil of the home-land was too strong and he recently appeared in the Land Settlement offices of the Canadian National Railways at Winnipeg.

Two days later he had secured a farm, 320 acres in extent, near the town of Duguid, two stations east of Winnipeg.

He has made arrangements to bring his family back to Canada, with him to take up life in the province he knows intimately. The farm consists of first class buildings and much of the land is now under cultivation.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

May 13-14 (14th snow) . . . 91
May 16 85
May 25 31
May 27 71
May 29 47
Total 295
June Rainfall 08
June 2 08

Second Fortnightly Crop Report

(Continued from page 1)

seed has germinated well. Some damage to the young plants is reported as a result of late frosts. A marked increase is noted in the acreage devoted to sweet clover, alfalfa and the other pasture crops.

A uniformly good stand of crops is reported in the Peace River district where seedling has been completed for some time. All the wheat is above the ground and oats are making a good showing. The moisture supply in the soil is sufficient to carry the crop for some time and prospects generally are very promising.

Pastures are making satisfactory growth and live stock is in good condition. Shearing of farm flocks is expected to start shortly and under range conditions a start will be made. Some losses have been experienced in the lamb crop on the range as the result of snow and rain during the lambing season.

Women's Institutes Elect Officers

The officers of the Alberta Women's Institute elected at the close of the convention held at Edmonton during the past week are as follows: Provincial President, Mrs. H. J. Montgomery, Wetaskiwin; Vice President

Mrs. A. H. Rogers, Fort Saskatchewan; Secretary-Treasurer, Mrs. J. N. Beauchamp, Champion; Provincial District Directors: Mrs. W. R. Roberts, Sexsmith; Mrs. W. C. Short, Woodbend; Mrs. J. P. Ferguson, Trochu; Mrs. A. C. Alcock, Champion.

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Making History

Greater Progression Shown Now Than In Any Previous Era

It seems a mere platitude to say that we live in times that will make history. The same could be said, and has been said, of times since Man first began to till about the effects of his own days and his own achievements upon posterity.

The world is busy today, as perhaps never before, preparing entirely new and improved conditions for the generations of tomorrow and the day after tomorrow. True, mankind was doing exactly the same thing during the past century and in the century before that, but this does not alter the fact that the present is a time of far greater activity than has ever been the case in the past, in all branches of human activity.

Applied science has revolutionized man's relations with his fellowmen, standards of living, of working, of thinking, and has raised at the same time the speed and will yet change more completely still. And in this vast metamorphosis the most progressive as well as the most far-reaching portion of the human family is that which constitutes the British Empire.—Malta Daily Chronicle

Very Young At Forty

Italy Thinks Man Just Starting At That Age

Francis Carr, young Italian electrical engineer, who was at the Hotel Pennsylvania, New York, from Milan, says the young man in America has more opportunity than the young man of Italy.

"We never have any thirty-year-old men teaching in our universities," he said. "A man is thought to be very young at forty, and is

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Buying More Wheat Flour

Increase In Sales From Canada To Northern Europe

Wheat flour in Northern Europe, despite tariff barriers in many cases, is a commodity in a report to the department of trade and commerce by M. R. Palmer, acting trade commissioner to Hamburg.

Sales to Germany, Austria and the Baltic States, Scandinavia and other countries in the area amounted to 2,624,013 barrels of flour valued at \$15,083,387 in 1928 as compared with 2,132,980 barrels valued at \$13,872,463 in 1927. Germany imported 1,818,625 barrels of wheat from Canada in 1928, 2,108,390 bushels of rye; 1,784,925 bushels of barley, and 946,256 bushels of oats. These total nearly \$27,000,000 or 57 1/2 per cent. of the total value of Canadian exports to that country.

Czechoslovakia, Denmark and Scandinavia are also heavy buyers of Canadian grain. The latter buys large quantities of packing house waste from Canada, notably sausage casings to the amount of 1,376,760 pounds valued at \$28,000 in 1928. Other commodities of great importance in Canada's exports to Germany include dairy products, honey, canned goods, fresh and dried fruits, fish and fish meal, seeds, crude drugs, whiskey and faxes.

Canadian Bee In B.C. Bird Sanctuary

Number Has Increased Rapidly In Last Six Years

Very rapid increase has taken place in the number of Canada geese in the Vaseaux Lake Bird Sanctuary, British Columbia, since this area was set aside for this purpose in 1922. Of the reserve, an where only three or four birds were seen in 1922, there are now 8,000.

Throughout the number of nests or eggs, was fifty-two the number of as very small in number over four counted at one.

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The Interesting Story Of A Remarkable Achievement In Canadian Railway Construction

Canada's High Grade Seeds

Excellent Quality Is Commanding Recognition On Foreign Markets

The production of high-grade seeds in Canada is steadily increasing in importance. Canadian-grown seeds command recognition on foreign markets by virtue of their inherent qualities of winter hardiness and vigor of growth, and because the standard of quality for graded seeds of all kinds are so highly regarded.

Stocks of high-class seed of wheat, oats, barley, alfalfa clover, sweet clover, brown, Canadian blue, and brown-top are usually available for export. Average imports of timothy seed are about 5,000,000 pounds annually, but with further encouragement Canadian production will soon be equal to our requirements. Alfalfa seed shows a decrease in production due to adverse climatic conditions. Red clover seed production in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia is increasing from year to year, due to encouragement given by the Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture and the demand for hay, home-grown seed. Alfalfa seed production in the older districts of Ontario is keeping up in quantity but not in quality. The newer districts of Ontario and Quebec are producing small supplies of cleaned seed. Tests are being conducted in Northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan to determine if alfalfa seed can be produced profitably in large areas free of troublesome weeds. White clover seed obtained from England has been distributed throughout the country for tests in connection with seed production and permanent pasture purposes. Results so far indicate that it is a valuable permanent pasture crop in the central provinces. Brown-top or Rhode Island grass seed is produced in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, and creeping red fescue and velvet bentgrass in Alberta. Field root and garden vegetable seed production is making progress in British Columbia.

Snow Survey In Footfalls

Valuable Information Is Secured In Regard To Water Supply For Southern Alberta

For the last six years, the Dominion Water Power and Reclamation Service, Department of the Interior in co-operation with the United States Geological Survey, has annually conducted a survey of the country conditions on the headwaters of the St. Mary River in Montana. The discharge from St. Mary River is of vital interest to the large irrigation projects in Montana and southern Alberta and to operate the irrigation facilities of these projects will be the highest degree of efficiency, some advance information as to the available water supply is essential. While this survey may still be regarded as in the experimental stage, due to the limited number of years of existence, some remarkable results have already been obtained. It is now established that a direct relationship exists between the depth of snow found early in May and the total runoff from the area during the following three months.

A Woman Brickmaker

The only woman in England who carries on the ancient craft of hand brickmaking is Mrs. Beattie Gibbs of Crossways Farm, Ingham. Her father, a brickmaker, was killed in an old brickyard in a corner of his farm. Mrs. Gibbs turned her attention to brickmaking, and became an expert. She molded with samples of her work to local builders and architects, who welcomed her line hand-made bricks.

One Grand Refrain

Bachelor Friend: And is married life the grand, sweet song you expected it to be?

New Benefactor: Well, it's a grand sweet refrain at least.

Bachelor Friend:?

New Benefactor: Yes, my wife wants me to refrain from smoking, refrain from card playing, refrain from staying out late at night, and refrain from nearly everything else I used to get a kick out of.

Radio Commission Report

The report of the Dominion Radio Commission, which is anxiously awaited, will be complete by the end of August. It is expected by Mr. John Aird, chairman of the commission, who has returned to Toronto from a five-week tour of western Canada.

Lady (used to bargaining): "How much is the fare to St. John?"

Clerk: "Seven and sixpence, please."

Lady: "Make it seven shillings and I will go." — *Sandwich Islands*, Stockholm.

Why Latitude Varies

According to a new theory of Dr. Harlan T. Stearns of Harvard, the moon not only causes tides in water but on the crust itself of the earth. This is tendered as an explanation of the variations in latitude when it is measured from the Equator.

Roman Matron: "Cornelius, run over to Hercules and tell him I'd love to have him make a fourth at bridge."

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Hudson Bay is now on the railway map of the Dominion. This is the startling opening of an article in the May issue of "Natural Resources," the monthly review of current events published by the Dominion Department of the Interior. The arrival of steel at Churchill, the Day terminal, on March 20, last, had of course been duly chronicled, but required more than brief news mention to enable Canadians generally to realize just what the announcement signified and what rendered the event important and memorable. For "Natural Resources" declares that by linking that historic body of water with the outer world of steel, yet another edge has been added to the glorious saga of Canadian achievement.

Not only was the undertaking on the one hand a never-ending fight against the elements and the physical obstacles of the terrain, but, on the other, a grim race against time, calling for bold and daring decisions on the part of the engineers. Had the last rail not been in place before the frost broke, the consequent delay would have proved irreparable. Steel, however, reached the terminus on March 20, permitting more than 300 carloads of material to be unladen and made available for the development of the port. This prevented loss of valuable time, individuals otherwise because of the interruption, due to the spring break-up. Apart, too, from the personal hardships encountered by the workers, the work had more than its normal share of seemingly insuperable difficulties. Much of the land was muskeg, and right here the record of the Canadian engineer came in, for he utilized the aid of the frost in carrying his work forward without delay, after first consuming obstructions. When cold weather came, grading work was abandoned until the spring and the tracks were laid on ties on the frozen ground, as in the building of the Winnipeg railway.

With the advent of spring, the grading gangs took up their interrupted work of ballasting the temporary track, one gang working up from the south, while at the same time another party began working its way southward from Churchill. Somewhere along the track the parties will meet, most likely early next August, when the golden spike will be driven by R. H. Hendrie, George P. Graham, who as Minister of Railways and Canals, turned at the Pax, Manitoba, the first of the construction of the railway. Thus the finishing touch will be put on an undertaking in railway engineering history, has won the admiration of the world. Owing, however, to the large amount of work to be done on the port facilities, engineers expect that the first shipments of grain will not be made until the season of 1930. The work at Churchill will proceed on carefully planned lines so that there will be no demand for labor which has not been foreseen and provided for.

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SETTLERS
Guard your Slash Fires!

Wood is the settler's winter harvest. When his own land is cleared he may still obtain employment in the neighbouring forest. By care with fire, the wise settler protects his own living.

Issued by authority of
Honourable Charles Stewart,
Minister of the Interior.



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The most up-to-date yard on the Goose Lake Line

We have been able to underbid all competition, wholesale in car lots; and our retail prices are in keeping with the cost of running a retail yard.

Garages and Implement sheds are now the thing, as well as glazed and screened porches.

Screen doors—Posts—Pickets—Poles etc.

Brick—Lime—Plaster—Cement—Gypsum Wall Board.

Wagon Oak always in stock.

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COMPANY LIMITED
IN YOUR TOWN
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

Subscribe to your home Paper

Announcement

I wish to inform the ladies of Oyen and District that my Beauty Parlor is now in the premises of Dr. T. F. Holt, Dentist, Main Street, Oyen (next door to Telephone Exchange).

All the latest styles of Hairdressing Facials, etc.

Oyen Beauty Parlor
(Lena Hannanich, Proprietor)

Phone 68

... Buy Advertised Goods ...

Ice Cream
and Cold Drinks

are well kept in our new

Frigidare Electric Cabinet
recently installed

This week we have bulk ice cream in Orange, Maple Walnut and plain Vanilla. Also Brick ice cream.

Pure ice cream is a wholesome food. Taken fresh from our Frigidare and packed in containers it can be carried long distances without losing its firmness. Take some home with you, you will enjoy it.

40 cents a pint. 75 cents a quart. Bricks 45 cents each.

Groceries—Confections—Tobaccos—Men's Wear

E. MacArthur

About Town and Country

Miss Etta Hatch of Oyen High School won the Short Course Scholarship to the Agricultural College. The scholarships are awarded to pupils obtaining highest points at school fairs.

Lanline Barber Shop and Beauty Parlor. Expert Marcelling and Water Waving. When passing, call and give us a trial.—Mr. and Mrs. Barry.

Miss Margaret Ritchie of Cereal, was a week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Whitlock.

Tourists are commencing to make use of the local auto camp.

A Whist Pool meeting was held in the Masonic Hall last Saturday afternoon, when local members gathered to discuss their problems.

Mr. Thos. Lees, who went into Calgary last week, to return with a new car, has been delayed in the city, owing to the week end rains.

Mrs. C. L. Dunford, left last Monday morning en route to Edmonton, where she will attend the annual meeting of the Grand Chapter, O.E.S.

Miss Muriel May arrived in town last Saturday from Okotoks, and has commenced her duties on the staff of the local telephone exchange.

Mr. Frank Todd, who has spent the last five months in Calgary, returned to Oyen the latter part of last week.

Mr. J. J. Kelly, who was a business visitor Calgary last week, returned to Oyen Monday morning.

Mr. Wesley Broderick, traveler for the McKenzie Seed Co. of Brandon, Man., was a week end visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Ostrander.

Prize lists for the 1929 annual summer fair are now in the hands of the secretary, Mr. John P. Roraback. Members of the society will have a copy mailed direct to them. Non-members who are interested may have a copy on application to the secretary.

Mr. Hank McDonald, of Bindloss, a well-known old-timer of Alaska, and now proprietor of the Bindloss Hotel, was in Cereal last week, posting bills for the Bindloss sports. Hank is one of the greatest story tellers that ever came over the pike. Even Pat Hootley, who could go some in 1912, having to take second place to Hank's genius for yarns—item in the Cereal Recorder.

George J. Benbow
PIANIST AND TEACHER

Last year's pupils 100 per cent pass.

Enquire at

D. McKay's residence, 2nd Avenue

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE—10-20 Titan Tractor, in good running order. All ready to go. A snap for cash. E. MacArthur, Oyen, Alta.

FOR SALE—400 bushels of Good Oats, suitable for seed or feed. W. V. Miller, Oyen, Alta.

STRAYED—Disappeared from my place about May 25th, two large bay mares, heavy in foal. Howard for their recovery. Fred Warnock, Oyen, Alta.

CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS

Mr. E. J. Anderson, B.Sc. Eyesight Specialist, will be at the Hotel in Oyen, on Saturday, June 15.

Miss Kathryn Heffernan of Bindloss, Alta., left Oyen last Friday, to commence training for a nurse at Therese Hospital, St. Paul de Metis, Alta.

All roads lead to Bindloss next Friday, when the Texas colored Giants are advertised as the big attraction. Those who have seen this team in action, say they are real players who provide excellent entertainment. Oyen and Sepprie ball teams will be in attendance.

Professional Cards

Dr. S. R. McGregor

Physician and Surgeon

Office—First Avenue East

(Next door to Hospital)

Office and Residence—Phone 7

Dr. T. F. Holt

DENTIST

Office—Main Street, Oyen

Out of town Thursday

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.

Barriater, Solicitor and

Notary Public

Money to Loan

Oyen, Alberta

John P. Kerr

Veterinary Surgeon

Graduate of Ontario

Veterinary College.

Oyen, Alta

When thinking of

Oil

why not follow the crowd, and treat your

Tractor or Car

to

William Penn Motor Oil

We carry in stock, all weights to suit all makes. You do not have to experiment when you use this oil. The price is Right and the Oil is Right (Still the Best)

Also a full line of Wm. Penn Greases.

Kerr Hardware

PHONE 4 - OYEN

FARM FOR SALE

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada offers for sale by public tender—

The East Half of Section Twenty-two (22), in Township Twenty-six (26), Range (5), West of the Fourth Meridian, as described, and subject to the exceptions and reservations contained in the existing Certificate of Title.

Terms of sale are not less than 20 per cent of the purchase price in cash on acceptance of the tender, and the balance in eight (8) equal annual instalments, with interest at 6 per cent per annum on the amortization plan.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for \$100. If tender is accepted, this sum will be credited to the purchase price of the land. If tender is not accepted the money will be returned to the tenderer.

Tenders will be opened at CALGARY, Alberta, on SATURDAY, JUNE 15th, 1929.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. If the land is not sold on the date above mentioned, the Board will be prepared to receive offers to purchase until such time as it is finally disposed of.

Tenders should be in plain envelopes marked "Tender for the purchase of the E. 1/2-22-26, W. 4th Meridian".

Address tenders and enquiries to—

THE SOLDIER SETTLEMENT BOARD OF CANADA

Southam Building,

CALGARY, Alberta.

before you buy
CHEVROLET
these amazing values in
good
USED CARS

1926 model Ford Touring \$275

1927 model Chevrolet Coach, thoroughly re-conditioned \$575

1924 model Ford Touring, a good at \$200

1926 model Ford Roadster \$375

THE heavy volume of spring deliveries of the Outstanding Chevrolet has left us with more than our normal stock of Good Used Cars. And there are more new Chevrolets coming in. So we've priced all these Used Cars for quick clearance. We've checked them over closely to make sure they are in good condition. Now we want you to check them over to assure yourself of their amazing value. Come in early. You may not get such cars at such prices for a long day.

UC-1-1-1-1

W. S. MARSHALL

OYEN, ALBERTA

PHONE 37

AUTHORIZED CHEVROLET DEALER